

# CBCS SCHEME

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17EC42

## Fourth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Feb./Mar. 2022 Signals and System

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

### Module-1

- 1 a. Define signals. Explain briefly the classification of signals with expressions and waveforms. (06 Marks)
- b. Determine whether the following signals are energy or power signal and also find the energy or power of the signal.

$$i) x(n) = \begin{cases} n & 0 \leq n \leq 5 \\ 10 - n & 5 \leq n \leq 10 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$ii) x(t) = 5 \cos(\pi t) \quad -\infty < t < \infty.$$

(08 Marks)

- c. A signal  $x(t)$  is defined by

$$x(t) = \begin{cases} 5 - t & 4 \leq t \leq 5 \\ 1 & -4 \leq t \leq 4 \\ t + 5 & -5 \leq t \leq -4 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Determine signal  $y(t) = \frac{dx(t)}{dt}$ . Also find the energy of signal  $y(t) = \frac{dx(t)}{dt}$ . (06 Marks)

### OR

- 2 a. Explain the important elementary signals with suitable expressions and waveforms. (05 Marks)
- b. The systems given below have input  $x(t)$  or  $x(n)$  and output  $y(t)$  or  $y(n)$  respectively. Determine whether each of them is stable, causal, linear.

$$i) y(n) = \log_{10}(|x(n)|)$$

$$ii) y(t) = \cos(x(t))$$

$$iii) y(t) = x\left(\frac{t}{2}\right).$$

(09 Marks)

- c. Determine whether the following signals are periodic. If so find their fundamental period.

$$i) x(t) = \cos(2t) + \sin(3t)$$

$$ii) x(n) = \cos\left(\frac{7}{15}\pi n\right).$$

(06 Marks)

### Module-2

- 3 a. For an LTI system characterized by impulse response  $h[n] = \beta^n u[n]$ ,  $0 < \beta < 1$ , find the output of the system for input  $x[n]$  given by  $x[n] = a^n [u[n] - u[n - 10]]$ . (08 Marks)
- b. State and prove the associative property and distributive properties of convolution integral. (08 Marks)
- c. Let the impulse response of a LTI system be  $h(t) = \sigma(t - a)$ . Determine the output of this system in response to any input  $x(t)$ . (04 Marks)

OR

- 4 a. Convolute  $x(t) = u(t) - u(t-2)$  with signal  $h(t) = u(t-1) - u(t-3)$ . (10 Marks)
- b. Convolve  $x(n) = \{1, 2, -1, 1\}$  and  $h(n) = \{1, 0, 1\}$  using graphical method. (05 Marks)
- c. Derive the equation of convolution sum. (05 Marks)

**Module-3**

- 5 a. Determine whether the systems described by the following impulse responses are stable, causal and memoryless i)  $h(n) = (\frac{1}{2})^n u(n)$  ii)  $h(t) = e^t u(-1-t)$ . (08 Marks)
- b. State linearity, time shift and convolution properties of Discrete Time Fourier Series. (03 Marks)
- c. Evaluate the Fourier series representation of the signal  $x(t) = \sin(2\pi t) + \cos(3\pi t)$ . Also sketch the magnitude and phase spectra. (09 Marks)

OR

- 6 a. Consider the interconnection of LTI system depicted in Fig.Q6(a). The impulse response of each system is given by  $h_1[n] = u[n]$ ,  $h_2[n] = u[n+2] - u[n]$ ,  $h_3[n] = \delta[n-2]$ ,  $h_4[n] = \alpha^n u[n]$ . (08 Marks)

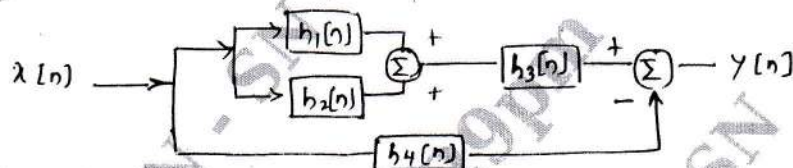


Fig.Q6(a)

- Find the impulse response of the overall system,  $h[n]$ . (04 Marks)
- b. Find the unit step response for the LTI system represented by the following responses  
i)  $h(n) = (\frac{1}{2})^n u(n-2)$  ii)  $h(t) = e^{-|t|}$ .
- c. Find the DTFS representation for  $x(n) = (\frac{\pi n}{8} + \phi)$ . Draw magnitude and phase. (08 Marks)

**Module-4**

- 7 a. State and prove the following properties of Discrete Time Fourier transform.  
i) Time shift property  
ii) Parseval's theorem. (08 Marks)
- b. Determine the time domain signal  $x(t)$  corresponding to  $X(j\omega) = \frac{j\omega+1}{(j\omega+2)^2}$ . (06 Marks)
- c. Evaluate the DTFT of the signal  $x(n) = (\frac{1}{2})^n u(n-4)$ . Sketch its magnitude and phase response. (06 Marks)

OR

- 8 a. Using the appropriate properties, find the DTFT of the signal  $x(n) = \sin(\frac{\pi}{4}n) \cdot (\frac{1}{4})^n u(n-1)$ . (08 Marks)
- b. State sampling theorem. Determine the Nyquist sampling rate and Nyquist sampling interval for i)  $x(t) = 1 + \cos(2000\pi t) + \sin(4000\pi t)$  ii)  $x(t) = 25e^{j500\pi t}$ . (06 Marks)
- c. Evaluate the Fourier transform of the following signals  
i)  $x(t) = e^{-at} u(t)$ ;  $a > 0$  ii)  $x(t) = \delta(t)$ . Draw the spectrum. (06 Marks)



**Module-5**

- 9 a. List the properties of Region Of Convergence (ROC) (04 Marks)  
 b. Determine the Z-transform, the ROC, and the locations of poles and zeros of  $x(z)$  for the following signals :

i)  $x(n) = -\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^n u(-n-1) + \left(\frac{-1}{3}\right)^n u(n)$

ii)  $x(n) = n \cdot \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}n\right) u(-n)$ . (08 Marks)

- c. Find the inverse Z transformation of  $X(z) = \frac{1-z^{-1}+z^{-2}}{\left(1-\frac{1}{2}z^{-1}\right)\left(1-2z^{-1}\right)\left(1-z^{-1}\right)}$  with the following

ROCs i)  $1 < |z| < 2$  ii)  $\frac{1}{2} < |z| < 1$ . (08 Marks)

OR

- 10 a. State and prove the 'differentiation in z-domain' property of z-transform. (04 Marks)  
 b. Find the transfer function and impulse response of a causal LTI system if the input to the

system is  $x(n) = \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^n u(n)$  and the output is  $y(n) = 3(-1)^n u(n) + \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^n u(n)$ .

(08 Marks)

- c. Using power series expansion method, determine inverse z-transform of

i)  $X(z) = \cos(z^{-2})$  ROC  $|z| > 0$

ii)  $X(z) = \frac{1}{1-\frac{1}{4}z^{-2}}$   $|z| > \frac{1}{4}$ . (08 Marks)

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